## Criteria for fiction and non-fiction genres

This is a suggested overview for each genre, giving a list of grammar and punctuation. It is not a definitive list. It will depend on the age group as to what you will include or exclude. For each genre you will work on vocabulary such as prefixes, suffixes, antonyms, synonyms, homonyms, etc.

Where possible, different sentence structures should be taught. This will be developed through the year and throughout the Key Stage.

Narrative genres							
Narrative text	1.	Adventure and mystery stories – past tense					
First or third person	2.	Myths and legends – past tense					
Inverted commas	3.	Stories with historical settings – past tense					
Personification	4.	Stories set in imaginary worlds – past or future tense					
Similes	5.	Stories with issues and dilemmas – past tense					
Metaphors	6.	Flashback – past and present tense					
Onomatopoeia	7.	Traditional fairy story – past tense					
Noun phrases	8.	Ghost story – past tense					
Different sentence openers (prepositions, adverbs, connectives, "-ing" words, adverbs, "-ed" words, similes)							
Synonyms							
Antonyms							
Specific nouns (proper)							
Semicolons to separate two sentences							
Colons to separate two sentences of equal weighting							
Informal and formal language							
Lists of three – adjectives and actions							
Indefinite pronouns							
Emotive language							

Non-fiction genres									
Explanation text	Recount text	Persuasive text	Report text	Play scripts	Poetry text	Discussion text			
Present tense	(This includes genres such	Present tense	Formal language	Exclamation sentences with	Personification	Present tense			
Modal verbs	as newspaper/journalistic	Past tense	First/third person	exclamation marks	Similes	Statements			
Time connectives	writing, biography,	Future tense	Past/present tense	Colons	Metaphors	Rhetorical questions			
Causal connectives	autobiography and diary)	Modal verbs	Causal connectives	Stage directions	Abstract nouns	Causal connectives			
Formal language	Past tense	Imperative verbs	Time connectives	Informal speech	Sentence openers	Additional connectives			
Technical vocabulary	Time connectives	Causal connectives	Addition-of-ideas	Brackets	(prepositional, adverbs,	Results connectives			
, Third person	Formal language	Exemplification connectives	connectives	Hyphens	connectives,"-ing" words,	Order-of-sequence			
Rhetorical guestions	Third/first person	Summarising connectives	Exemplification connectives	Short sentences	"-ed" words, similes)	connectives			
Proper nouns	(pronouns) Colons	Rhetorical questions	Comparing-and-contrasting		Adjectives	Exemplification connectives			
Past tense	Proper nouns	Comparative and superlative	connectives		Repetition	Comparing-and-contrasting			
Active and passive	Formal language	adjectives	Future tense (when offering		Antonyms	connectives			
Relative clauses	Adverbial phrases	Exaggerated language	suggestions)		Synonyms	Conditionals			
Colons	Prepositional phrases	Repetition	Similes		Alliteration	Imperative verbs			
Semicolons	Similes	Groups of three	Metaphors		Onomatopoeia	Third person			
Parenthesis using hyphens,		First/second/third person	Technical language		Prepositions	Formal language			
commas and brackets		Indefinite pronouns	Parenthesis using hyphens,		Powerful verbs				
		Generalisation/guantifiers	commas and brackets		Specific nouns				
		Emotive language			Collective nouns				
		Giving statistics			Expanded noun phrases				
		Making opinion appear as							
		fact							
		Formal language							
		Statements							
		Conditionals							
Non-chronological report	Newspaper	Biography	Diary	Letters	Instructions	Autobiography			
Third person	Newspaper headlines	Third person	Informal language	(What is featured in this	Time connectives	First person			
Formal language	Subheadings	Past tense	First person	genre depends on the genre	Imperative verbs	Past tense			
Passive and active sentences	Reported speech	Proper nouns	Time connectives	being taught. For example,	Present tense	Proper nouns			
Proper nouns	Dashes/hyphens	Abstract nouns	Past tense	if it is to persuade then you	Second person	Abstract nouns			
Specific nouns	Present tense	Informal language	Present tense	would follow the success	Technical language	Informal language			
Move from general to	Past tense	Different types of sentence	Emotive language	criteria for a persuasion	Adverbs to start sentences	Different types of sentence			
specific	Quotation using inverted	openers	Proper nouns	text)	Colons	openers			
Commas in a list	commas and colons	Time connectives	Specific nouns	First person	Bullet points	Time connectives			
Colons	First/third person	Fronted adverbial phrases	Fronted adverbial phrases	Formal language	Formal language	Fronted adverbial phrases			
Bullet points	Technical language	Relative clauses	Relative clauses	Informal language	Simple sentences	Relative clauses			
Hyphens	Proper nouns	Personification	Personification	Layout	Commas to separate lists	Personification			
Present tense	Specific nouns	Metaphors	Metaphors		Modal verbs	Metaphors			
Past tense	Formal language	Alliteration	Alliteration		Proper nouns	Alliteration			
Semicolons	Time connectives	Similes	Similes		Parenthesis using hyphens,	Similes			
Relative clauses		Emotive language	Abstract nouns		commas and brackets	Emotive language			
Starting a sentence with the		Quotation	Informal language						
continuous/progressive			Different types of sentence						
tense ("-ing")			openers						
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Rhetorical questions									